The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 1726

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 30. 1740

No. 1724.

The following is a LETTER *which the King of* Prussia *has written to the* States-General, *on Account of the March of his Forces to* Silesia.

'*High and Mighty Lords*,

WE cannot excuse ourselves from acquainting Your High Mightinesses, that for maintaining the incontestable Rights of our Royal and Electoral Family to the Duchy of Silesia, we have been oblig'd to cause our Troops to march towards that Duchy, in order to secure the Possession thereof to ourselves at the present Juncture, against all that shall attempt to do any Thing to our Prejudice. The Rights of our Royal and Electoral Family to this Duchy, are partly founded upon ancient Pacts of Succession and Confraternity, between our deceased Predecessors in the Electoral Dignity, and the Dukes of Silesia, Lignitz, Brieg, and Wohlau, as well as upon other uncontrovertible Titles; which Rights, by consequence, could never be taken from us to the Prejudice of the Fundamental Laws of our Electoral and Royal Family, by any Conventions that may have been extorted from it, but were never perform'd.

'We wish that in the present Juncture, when we have just Reason to apprehend a War on account of the Succession of the Archiducal House of Austria, we could have explained our Intention beforehand to the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, with whom we have proposed to ourselves to maintain a strict Friendship and good Understanding. But as the least Delay was dangerous, and as it could not be expected from us, that we should submit the Maintenance of our Rights to the Success of a doubtful and uncertain Negociation, we cannot be blamed for using the Methods proper for preserving a Country to which we have such just Pretensions.

'Your High Mightinesses, according to your great Penetration, and in Conformity to the Affection and Friendship of which you have hitherto given us Proofs, will undoubtedly judge of yourselves, that we cou'd not act otherwise than we have done. You will likewise be persuaded, that we by no means design as we protest before God to prejudice any Person, much less the Archiducal Family of Austria, with whom we will concert the Affair in Dispute, in such a manner as shall be to their Satisfaction. We shall also be glad to employ the Forces and the Means that God has put into our Hands, that the System of the Empire, as well as the Rights, Liberties, and Privileges of all its Members and States may be maintain'd intire, and that the Empire in general may be secur'd against any manner of Invasion, and furnished with a worthy Head.

'Your High Mightinesses will be so far from doubting of our Sentiments, that we persuade ourselves you will not be deceiv'd in this Matter; and we hope to convince all the impartial World, and the Archiducal Family in particular, that we have at Heart the true Interest of the Empire, and that alone.

'Whereupon we remain, &c.'

HOME PORTS.

Penzance, Dec. 18. Came in the Charles, Mitchell, from Dunkirk. 'The Master says, as doth the Mate and Crew, that about 2 Leagues W. N. W. from the Lizard, a Spanish Privateer gave them Chace two Hours; Rowing, being but little Wind, came up with them fast, but another Brigantine (the Fogg clearing up) appeared W. S. W. nearer to the Privateer, she stood after her, by which means this Vessel got clear. Capt. Mitchell declares that, there was in Dunkirk when he left that Place, 12 Sail of English Vessels laden with Corn there, whom he talk'd with; they told him that they were clear'd out of their respective Ports in England to go Coastways, and that in Dunkirk they daily search every English Vessel for Provisions, and will not allow them more than One Day's Provisions while in Harbour, and but Five when they sail.' Came in the same Day the Limington, from Milford for London.

Falmouth, Dec. 20. Came in the Sarah, Roberts, from London for Fowey; 'who in a violent Gale of Wind at E. N. E. on Monday last, was drove out of the Channel 30 Leagues to the Westward of Scilly; and Tuesday last, as he was beating to Windward, about Ten in the Morning, saw a Ship, which prov'd to be the Carolina, Capt. Grant, from Petersburgh for Bristol, just sinking; the Captain and Crew was taken up by Capt. Roberts, and landed at this Place.'

Falmouth, Dec. 22. Put back the Expedition Packet, Clies, for Lisbon; 'having been 110 Leagues to the Westward of Scilly, was oblig'd to throw several of her Guns overboard, and with much Difficulty brought her in here.' Came in his Majesty's Ship Success, from a Cruize; and the Eliza and Mary, Ellery, from South Carolina for London.

Dartmouth, Dec. 23. The Ships omitted in my last are, the Elizabeth, Johnson, the Yound Enderdeckx, ——, both of and for Amsterdam from Bourdeaux; the Notre Dame de Grace, Dejagez, from Nantz for Ostend. Yesterday came in the Henry, Marshal, from London for Cork and Jamaica; the St. Peter, Jacobson, from Norway for Bourdeaux. Wind W. S. W.

Dartmouth, Dec. 26. Sail'd his Majesty's Ship the Lively, Capt. Frogmore, to the Eastward; the Algarve, Olding, from Faro; and the Catharine and Susannah, Laurence, from Newfoundland, both for London; the Patience, Deane, from Lisbon for Pool; and sundry Coasters. This Day Captains Olding and Laurence both put back again. Came in the Dartmouth Galley, Leigh, from London. Wind S. and S. S. E. and very foggy Weather.

Dover, Dec. 28. Came in the Sparboome, Paulus, of and from Amsterdam for Toulon; loaded with Masts, Yards, Planks, &c. The above Ship is above Four hundred Tons; and the Masts, Yards, &c. for very large Ships. Wind West.

Deal, Dec. 28. The outward-bound Ships remains as per last. Came down since and remains his Majesty's Sloop, Basilisk, Capt. Peddie. Arrived the Globe, Everrard, from Lisbon, and the Expedition, Major, from Gibraltar. Wind N. W.

Gravesend, Dec. 28. Pass'd by the George-William, Austell, and the Forward, Major, both from Virginia; the York, Bacon, from Maryland; and the Mary and Eliza, Smith, from Stetin.

LONDON.

The Letters from Germany and Holland give us dismal Accounts of the Inundations of Rivers, and the Breaches of Dykes, by the late heavy Storms of Wind, Rain, and Snow, on the 7th, 8th, and 9th Instant.

In the Palatinate, Part of the Cities of Heidelbergh and Manheim, and the Suburbs of Spire, were laid under Water, as also the City of Heilbron, and the Country about Hanau; and at Manheim, the Bells were toll'd, and the Drum beat for the Burghers and Garison to meet and raise the Ramparts higher. The Towns of Neckerau and Altrip were in a manner quite drown'd, so that Boats were sent off to bring away the Inhabitants, most of the Bridges being carry'd away.

At Frankfort upon the Mayne, besides a great deal of other Damage done by the Violence of the Storm; the Roof of St. Bartholomew's Church was broke in by the many heavy Stones that fell from the Steeple; a great many Houses, Warehouses, and Cellars were laid under Water; several Trees in the adjacent Country were torn up by the Roots, and most of the Houses of Sachsenhausen were also laid under Water, together with the whole Country as far as Fechenheim.

Several Streets at Cologne, and the greatest Part of the neighbouring Country were drown'd by the Inundation of the Rhine, and the Water was 3 Feet high in the Houses at Liege.

They write from Arnheim, that the Dyke of Betuw, near Elden, being broke through in two Places on the 12th Instant in the Night time, all the neighbouring Country was immediately drown'd, with almost all the Cattle, and several of the Inhabitants; the rest of the People being oblig'd to fly to the Tops of Houses and Trees to save their Lives. They add that, some other Dykes in those Parts are likewise broke through. The Territories of Heusden and Altena, with the Town of Drunen, and a Part of the Territory of Bois le Duc were also cover'd with Water: And they write from Worcum, that about 30 Villages of the Country of Altena were so overflown, that almost all their Cattle perish'd, and Boats were sent to carry Provisions to the Inhabitants that were forc'd to betake themselves to the Tops of their Houses.

At Hambourg, there had fallen so much Snow on the 12th, 13th, and 14th, that the Roads were impassable, and the Elbe was frozen.

The Count de Nassau la Lecq, Lieutenant General and Colonel of a Regiment of Horse, dy'd the 18th Instant at his Government of Menin, aged about 70.

We find in a Letter from Petersbourg that, when the Velt Marshal de Munich had arrested the Duke of Courland, and the latter was disarm'd of his Sword, he flew at the Velt Marshal's Adjutant, who was also his Nephew, and bit off his right Thumb with his Teeth.

A Gentleman of Edinburgh has received a Letter from his Uncle, dated at Stafford in the County of Stafford in Virginia, the 9th of October, importing that, on the 6th of that Month the Body of Volunteers raised in that District marched thence, to join at Long Island those raised in the other Parts of North America, making in all 4000 effective Men; and that this Body of Troops marched off the Parade with as great Alacrity as if they had been going to a Wedding, calling out for a merry Meeting at the Havannah under the Command of the Lord Cathcart.

Notice having been given in the News Papers, that the Lady Mayoress was return'd from France, several Persons went to St. Paul's Cathedral on Christmas-day, to see whether her Ladyship would be there or no; upon which 'tis said several Wagers were depending: But we hear that her Ladyship was not there.

A fine Equestrian Statue of the late John Duke of Marlborough, Generalissimo of the Allies in Flanders, is ready to be put up in the Area of the Maids-Head Inn, at Norwich, at the sole Expence of Mr. White, on a Pedestal under a triumphal Arch, adorn'd with the proper Martial Ornaments.

The Success, Taylor, from Topsham for Leghorn, is lost near Plymouth.

The Truro, Anthony, with Pilchards, from Penzance for Jamaica, is ashore near Penzance; the People and Cargo sav'd.

The Draper, Leach, from Dublin for London, well at Scilly the 18th Instant.

The St. George, Hart, from Lisbon for London, is arrived at Portsmouth.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint the following Gentlemen Colonels of the New Levies now to be raised; 1. Degrand. 2. Hurst. 3. Cornwal. 4. Jefferey. 5. Hanmore. 6. Mordannt 7. Pawlet. 8. Cholmondley. 9. Long. 10. Horton. 11. Price. Colonel Flemming has Colonel Bland's; Lord Crawford the Horse Grenadiers; Lord Sample the Highland Regiment, in the room of Lord Crawford.

Last Saturday died at Watford, Edward Palmer, Esq; a Gentleman of a good Estate, and formerly Collector of the Customs in Virginia.

The same Day died at Mottlack, Colonel Thomas Bradshaigh, formerly Lieutenant-Governor of Sheerness.

Yesterday Morning the Right Hon. the Earl of Hyndford, kiss'd his Majesty's Hand on his being appointed his Majesty's Minister to the Court of Prussia.

Yesterday the following Numbers were drawn Prizes in the Bridge Lottery; viz. No. 41521, 1000l. No. 49894, 16765, each 500l. No. 44912, 63986, 38201, 17016, 20702, 40451, 57890, each 100l. 23552, 21411, 35365, 57839, 38562, 50334, 23479, 27239, 55501, 58130, 53827, 36127, 47001, 48810, 38469, 41147, 53780, 10042, each 50l.

His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales's Family will go into Second Mourning on Sunday next, the Fourth of January, for the late Duchess Dowager of Saxe Gotha:

The Ladies to wear Black Silk or Velvet; Plain or Fringed Linnen; Black and White Fans; White Necklaces and Ear-Rings. *Undress'd*, White, or Grey.

The Men to wear Black Cloth full trimm'd; Plain or Fringed Linnen; Black Swords and Buckles.

Hamburgh, Dec. 20. Notwithstanding the malicious Report which was spread, that Liebman the Jew was absconded from Petersburgh, we are since assured that he is still at the Russian Court, enjoying all his former Employments.

High Water this Day at London Bridge.	Morning	Evening
	07 16	07 43

Bank Stock 138 1-4th to 1-half. India 154 1-4th to 1-half. South Sea 98 1 8th. Books shut. Old Annuity 109 7-8ths to 110. New ditto no Trans[illegible]

Three per Cent. nothing done. Seven per Cent. Loan 99. Five per Cent ditto 83. Royal Assurance 89. London Assurance 10 3-4ths. African 10. India Bonds 3 l. 19 s. to 4 l. Prem. Bank Circulation 2 l. 10 s. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-4th to 1-half Prem. English Copper 3 l. 15 s. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 101. Three per Cent. ditto 94. Million Bank 113. Equivalent 112. Lottery Tickets 5 l. 19 s. to 15 s.

Lottery-Office, Dec. 23, 1740.

THE *Managers and Directors appointed by Act of Parliament to take in the Tickets of the Bridge Lottery, Anno 1739, and to deliver out Certificates in lieu thereof payable by the Cashiers of the Bank, finding that notwithstanding the several Notices by them given for bringing in Tickets to be entred, great Numbers are yet out-standing, do give this further Notice, That the 15th Day of March next is the last Day appointed by Act of Parliament for taking in Tickets and delivering out Certificates; and for this Purpose, daily Attendance will be continued to be given at their Office near the Exchequer.*

Custom-House, London, Dec. 29, 1740.

WHEREAS on the Twenty-sixth instant, Thomas Carswell *and* William Gery *Riding Officers of the Customs belonging to the Port of Rye in Sussex upon their Duty, with the Assistance of another Man and four Dragoons, seized in a Barn in the Parish of Salehurst upwards of Eighty Bags, containing about Two Thousand Weight of Tea; And as they were carrying the same in a Waggon to the Custom-House at Hastings, were attacked at a Place called Hurst Green, in the said Parish of Salehurst, by a resolute Gang of about Forty Men, armed with Blunderbusses, and other Offensive Weapons, who fired on the said Officers and their Assistants, killed the said* Carswell, *wounded Two of the Dragoons, and rescued and carried away the said Tea. The Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, in order to bring the Offenders to Justice, Do hereby give Notice, That whoever shall apprehend or take any of the Offenders concerned in opposing the Officers and rescuing the Goods, will be entitled to a Reward of Fifty Pounds for each Offender; which will be paid upon Conviction, pursuant to an Act passed in the Ninth Year of his present Majesty's Reign: And that pursuant to a Provision made in the same Act. If any of the said Offender or Offenders shall within Three Months after such his, her, or their Offence committed and before his, her, or their Conviction, discover Two or more of his, her, or their Accomplices therein, to the Commissioners of the Customs or Excise respectively, so as they, or Two of them at least be Convicted of such Offence, the Offender or Offenders so discovering will be entitled to the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every such Offender so discovered and convicted, as a Reward for such his, her, or their Discovery; and every such Person so discovering will be clearly acquitted and discharged of such his, her, or their Offence.*

Signed by Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs,

Chs Clark-ffe.

This Day is published,

THE POLITICAL STATE of Great Britain for the Month of NOVEMBER, 1740.

Containing, among many other Particulars, the following:

The Royal-Exchange Intelligencer, *&c.*

I. An easy Remedy for the Tooth-Ach.

II. Some Incendiaries set fire to Esq; Cockerill's Ropery at Scarborough.

III. Agents for North-America attend the Lords Commissioners for Trade and Plantations upon the Subject of the Paper Currency, the Particulars of which have already been inserted in our Political States of April, May, and June.

IV. The Aldermen of the City of London have removed the Negative out of their own Court by a Majority of six, that they shall not prevent the Framing of a Question.

V. Large Quantities of Corn brought from Dantzick.

VI. More Rejoicings on the brave Admiral Vernon's Birth-Day.

VII. William Benn, Esq; chosen Alderman for Aldersgate Ward, without Opposition.

VIII. Great Trial between John Dormer, Esq; and Sir John Forteſcue Aland, Knt. decided.

IX. His Majesty's Speech.

X. The Address of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal.

XI. His Majesty's most gracious Answer.

XII. Accident in the Fleet.

XIII. Meeting of the Livery at Vintners-Hall, for nominating Members for the next general Election.

XIV. Particular Account of the Death of the Czarina.

XV. Duke of Courland remov'd from the Regency of Russia.

Account of the WAR.

XVI. Extract of a Letter from Ensign Hugh Mackay, wherein General Oglethorpe is entirely cleared from the Aspersions cast upon his Conduct.

National Politicks.

XVII. An Abstract of a Pamphlet, intituled, the Present State of the Revenues and Forces of France and Spain compared with those of Great Britain, with Remarks thereon.

XVIII. Continuation of Mr. Whitefield's Journal. See former Political States.

Printed for T. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row. Price 1 s. 6 d. Where may be had any of the former Numbers.

A Small Number being left of the following BOOKS, *they may be had at* T. Woodward's, *at the Half-Moon between the Two Temple-Gates in* Fleet-street.

I. THE MERCHANTS Map of Commerce: Wherein the Universal Manner and Matter relating to Trade and Merchandize, are fully treated of. The Standard and Current Coins of most Princes and Republicks observed. The Real and Imaginary Coins of Accounts, and Exchanges expressed. The Natural Products, and Artificial Commodities, and Manufactures for Transportation, declared. The Weights and Measures of all Eminent Cities and Towns of Traffick in the Universe, collected one into another, and all reduced to the Meridian of Commerce, practised in the City of London.

By LEWIS ROBERTS, *Merchant.*

The Fourth Edition, Carefully Corrected and Enlarged.

To which is Annexed, Advice concerning Bills of Exchange; wherein all Matters relating to Bills of Exchange, both Foreign and Domestick, is fully treated of.

Together with that most Perfect Treatise of Trade, Entitled, *England's Benefit and Advantage by Foreign Trade, Demonstrated. By* Tho. Muns, *of* London, *Merchant.*

II. Dr. Gedde's Miscellaneous Tracts, in 4 Vols. 8vo.

N. B. *The Fourth Volume, containing several Tracts against Popery, may be had alone, to compleat Gentlemen's Sets.*

III. Dr. Davenant's Essay on Ways and Means of supplying the War. The Third Edition.

IV. The Debates in the House of Commons in 1680, on the Bill of Exclusion.

V. A Treatise of the Rights of the Crown, declaring how the King of England may support and increase his Annual Revenues. By William Noy, Esq; Attorney-General. Price 2 s.

On Saturday *the 3d of* January, 1741. *will begin to be Publish'd a New Pamphlet, to consist of Four Half Sheets in 4to, intituled,*

THE PUBLICK REGISTER: Or The WEEKLY MAGAZINE.

(To be continued every Saturday, Price Three-pence)

Containing,

I. Original Letters and Essays on various Subjects; particularly on all Branches of Polite Learning, and Useful Science.

II. Poetical Essays.

III. Records of Literature: Being a Compendious Account of whatever Books are published either at Home or Abroad, worthy the Attention of the Publick.

IV. The Substance of the Debates.

V. The most authentick, and by much the largest Collection of News both Foreign and Domestick.

VI. The Arrival of Ships at home and foreign Ports: The Rise and Fall of Stocks; Price of Goods at Bear Key: The Price current of Drugs and Grocery imported; of Hay, Sheep and Oxen in Smithfield.

VII. Births, Deaths, Marriages, Preferments, and whatever renders a Paper of this Sort useful to the Publick.

Printed for R. Dodsley, at Tully's Head in Pall-mall; and sold by T. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row: At either of which Places Booksellers Advertisements, and Letters to the Author, are taken in.

N. B. All possible Care will be taken to render this Pamphlet Authentick, Useful, and Entertaining. And whereas one fourth Part, at least, of all the Papers that are now extant, is fill'd with Quack Advertisements, and other Impositions on the Publick; to prevent the like in this, and to give room for Matters of more Importance, no Advertisements will be admitted, but such as relate to Books and Pamphlets.

Those who intend to take in this Paper, need only speak to the Persons who supply them with News, and they will be punctually serv'd.

This Day is publish'd,

In One large Vol. 8vo. (Price bound 5 s.)

Containing several Hundred Receipts in Cookery, and Physick, more than in any other Book yet published,

(*Including Mrs.* Steven's *Medicine for the Stone, the Virtues of Sallad Oil in Viper Bites, Dr.* Mead's *Receipt for the Bite of a Mad Dog, the Virtues of the Rattle Snake Root, the Virtues and Properties of all sorts of Meats, Drinks, Herbs, Plants, Roots, Seeds, &c. used either as Food or Physick;*)

The FAMILY MAGAZINE:

In TWO PARTS.

Part I. Containing useful Directions in all the Branches of *House-keeping* and *Cookery*. Particularly shewing how to buy in the Best of all Sorts of Provisions; as Poultry-Ware, Butchers-Meat, Fish, Fruit, &c. With several Hundred Receipts in *Cookery, Pastry, Pickling, Confectionary, Distilling, Brewing, Cosmeticks*, &c. Together with the Art of Making *English* Wines, &c.

Part II. Containing a Compendious Body of PHYSICK; succinctly treating of all the *Diseases* and *Accidents* incident to Men, Women, and Children: With practical Rules and Directions for the Preserving and Restoring of Health, and Prolonging of Life.

As also how to make all Kinds of *Balsams, Salves, Ointments, Elixirs, Cordials, Diet Drinks, Syrups, Electuaries, Powders*, &c.

In a Method entirely New and Intelligible; in which every Disease is rationally and practically considered, in its several Stages and Changes; and approved Recipe's inserted under every Distemper, in Alphabetical Order.

Being principally the Common-place Book of a late able Physician, by which he successfully, for many Years, regulated his Practice.

Printed for J. Osborn, at the Golden-Ball in Pater-noster-row.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy, *and* Freeholders *of the County of* Bedford.

Gentlemen,

HAVING been nominated some time since, at a General Meeting, as Candidates to represent this County in the ensuing Parliament; This is to request the Favour of your Votes and Interest to,

Gentlemen,

Your Humble Servants,

Bedford, Dec. 13. 1740.

JOHN CHESTER,
ROGER BURGOYNE.

Concerning Gleets *and* Seminal Weaknesses *of all Kinds.*

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses, whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutio sui, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain, since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis, or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Constumption, which frequently terminate in Death itself.

All such, therefore, who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old or Stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, or Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe, and speedy Cure, which they most assuredly may, by taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years been experienc'd never once to fail perfectly curing the most Stubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels, and Urinary Passages, which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weaknesses and Decays of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels to an immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigu'd with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprised at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been tried in vain; too much cannot be said in it, and this All who ever took it for any of the above-mention'd Purposes have readily declared.

The Price is but 6 s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten times as much, and by the Author's special Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Raftar's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with succeeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Disease is intirely eradicated or not.

Note, Ask only for a 6 s. Pot of Balsamick Electuary.

These are to Certify whom it may concern,

THAT the Two Medicines for external Use, which have been sold with so much Success for the Good of Mankind above Thirty Years past, for the Cure of

All Sorts of Ruptures, Bursten, *or* Broken Bellies.

are removed from the Minories, where they have been sold by the Author, so long, and are now sold only at Mr. Sandwell's Toyshop, the Sign of the Griffin, the Corner of Burleigh-Bury in the Poultry, at 5 s. the Parcel; with printed Directions given with them.

These two Remedies need no other Recommendation than themselves will manifest in two or three Days using, having by their admirable and even astonishing Success, gained the Reputation they so justly deserve, both in City and Country, after wearing Trusses for many Years to no Purpose.

For by the Blessing of God, they make a perfect Cure on either Old or Young, in a very little Time, and for a small Charge, without any Pain to, or Confinement of the Patient; one Parcel is generally sufficient for a compleat Cure, especially on a young Person.

Many Hundreds of all Ages and Sexes have been cured by them, which occasioned this Publication, for the Good of the Publick, that all such unhappy People may be delivered from the Charge and Slavery of always wearing Trusses.

The World might have had many Certificates of Cures of Persons of all Ages, from Children of a few Months old, to grown Persons of 60 Years or upwards; but that People are naturally averse to let it be known, that they ever had such an Infirmity: Yet Mr. Sandwell can satisfy any Inquirer of the Validity of what is here said, tho' he has not had such large Knowledge, by reason of the short Time he has sold 'em, as they from whom the Medicines are now, for good Reasons, removed.

No Letters received except Post paid.

LONDON: Printed for T. Cooper, at the *Globe* in *Pater-noster Row.*